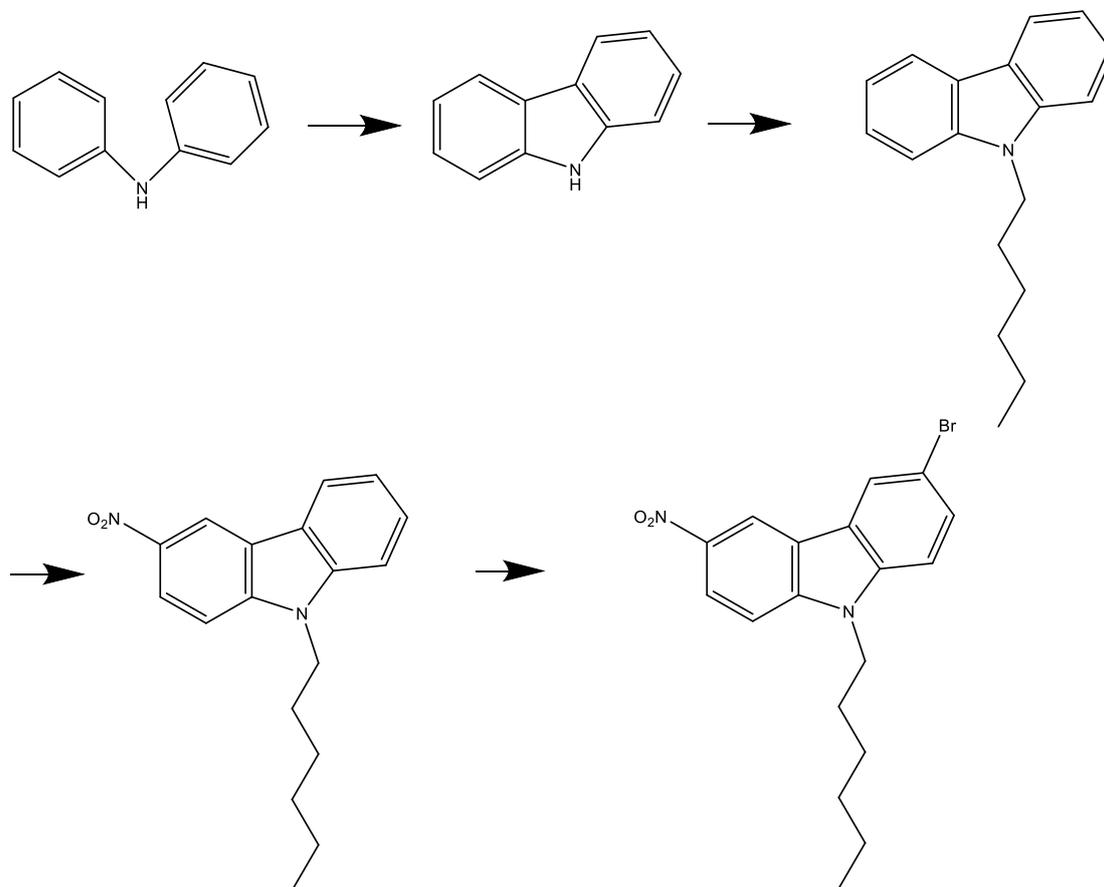


## Proposal for synthesis of 9-hexyl-3-bromo-6-nitrocarbazole

### Organic Chemistry lab 2



### CONTENTS

Diphenylamine

$\text{Pd}(\text{OAc})_2$

$\text{Cu}(\text{OAc})_2$

DMF

silica gel

petroleum ether

ethyl acetate

1 bromohexane

KOH

acetone

EtOAc

water

Hexane

1,2 dichloroethane

nitric acid

$\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2$

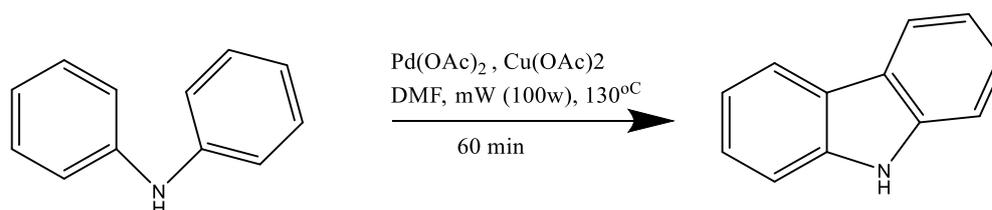
$\text{MgSO}_4$

NBS  
AcOEt  
Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>

## MOST DANGEROUS CHEMICALS IN EVERY STEP

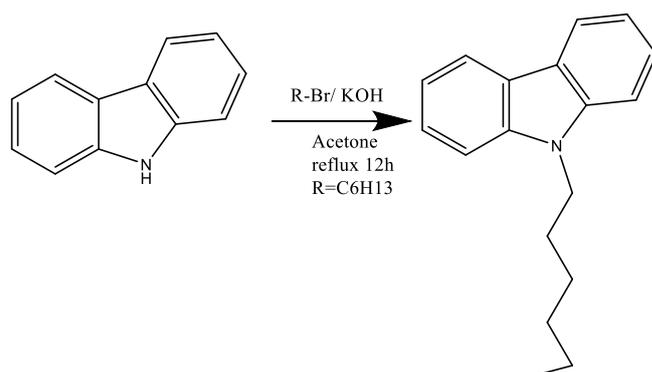
## COST ACCOUNTING

### Step One



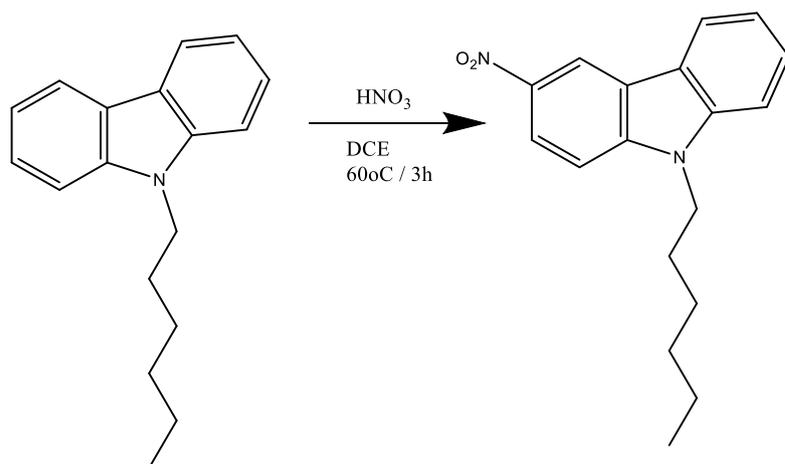
To a mixture of the suitable diarylamine, Pd(OAc)<sub>2</sub> and Cu(OAc)<sub>2</sub> was added a few drops of DMF. The mixture was introduced in a 10ml sealed tube and was irradiated at 100W and 130°C for 60 min in a CEM Discover microwave reactor equipped with built-in pressure measurement sensor and a vertically focused IR sensor. After completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was purified by flash silica gel column chromatography eluting with a petroleum ether/ethyl acetate gradient (95:5 to 90:10, v/v)

### Step two



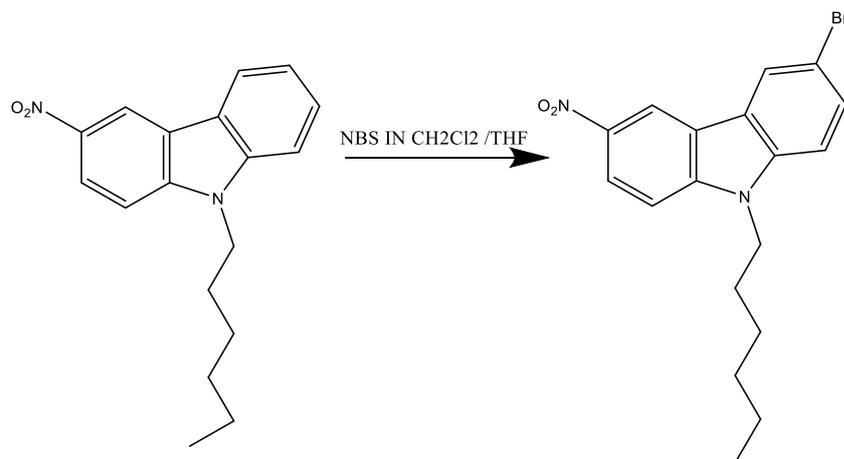
A mixture of carbazole, 1-bromohexane and KOH in acetone was heated to reflux overnight. After removing the solvent in vacuo, the mixture was extracted with EtOAc and washed with water. Column chromatography on silica gel using hexanes resulted in a clear oil.

### Step three



A solution of the first compound in 1,2-dichloroethane was cooled to  $0^\circ\text{C}$  (ice bath), to which nitric acid was added dropwise. The reaction was heated to  $60^\circ\text{C}$  and stirred for 3h. After cooling to room temperature, water was added, and the mixture was extracted with  $\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2$ . The organic layer was dried with  $\text{MgSO}_4$ , filtered, and solvent was removed in vacuo. The crude oil mixture was recrystallized from hexanes to give an orange solid product.

#### Step four



To a soln. of the 3-nitro-9H carbazole in  $\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2$  containing silica gel, a soln. of NBS in  $\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2$  was added dropwise. The mixture was stirred for an appropriate time in the absence of light at r.t under normal air atmosphere and GC monitoring. The mixture was then filtered, and the silica gel was washed with  $\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2$ . The combined filtrate was washed with  $\text{H}_2\text{O}$ , dried with  $\text{Na}_2\text{SO}_4$  and evaporated. The brownish solid residue was dissolved in the minimum volume of  $\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2$  with soln. mixed with silica gel and evaporated and the brownish solid residue put on top of a prepared column and subjected to FC (silica gel, hexane/AcOEt mixtures).

## References

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